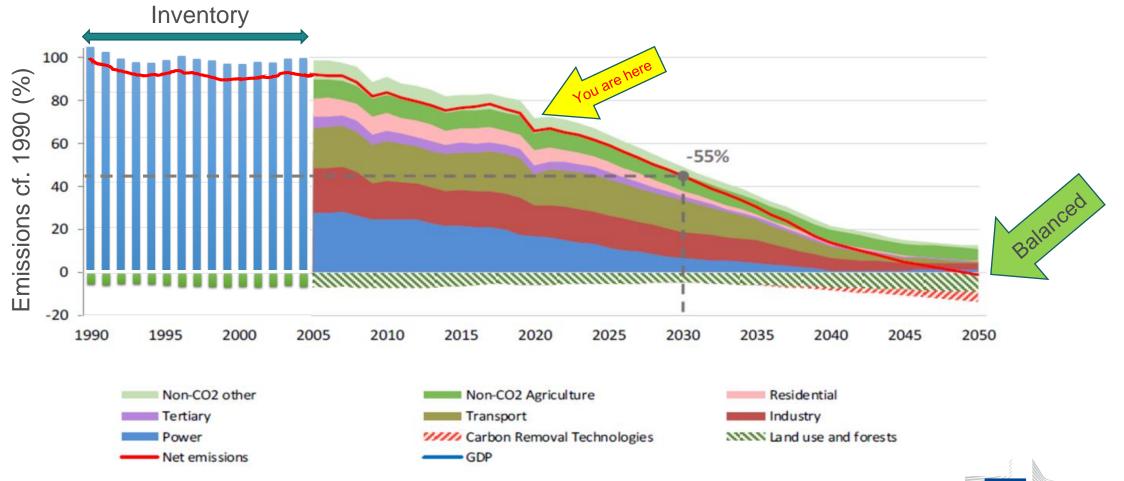


Sustainable Carbon Cycles

15 March 2022

Pathway to climate neutrality





Sustainable Carbon Cycles

More sustainable production of food and biomass

More sustainable use of food and biomass

Bioenergy with carbon capture and storage (BECCS)

Fibre crops for bio-plastics, packaging, clothes

Wood-based construction products



Sustainable capture, use, transport, and storage of carbon

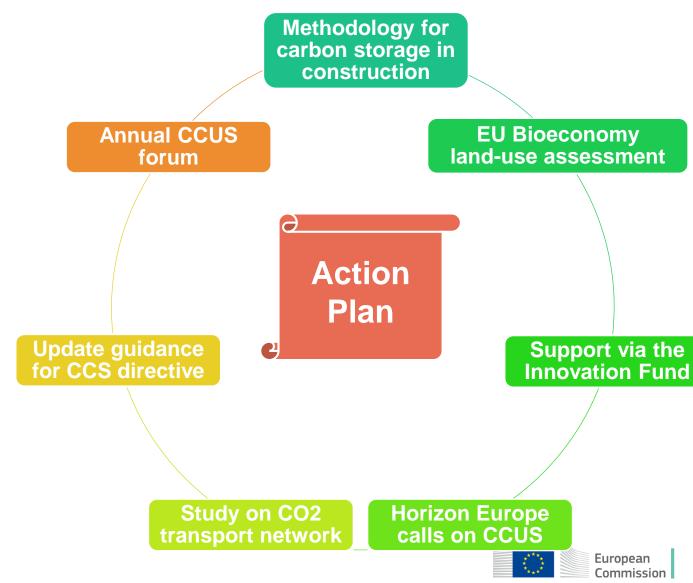
Challenges

By 2028:

 All CO2 captured, transported, used and stored should be reported and accounted

By 2030:

- 20% of non-fossil carbon used in chemicals and plastics
- 5Mt of industrial carbon removals



Innovation Fund grants of € 1145 million for seven first-of-a-kind projects

Kairos-at-C - Port	of
Antwerp (BE)	

• Carbon capture from hydrogen, ammonia and ethylene oxide production and storage in North Sea, innovative shipping

BECCS Stockholm (SE)

 Bio-energy carbon capture at a combined heat and power plant and storage in North Sea – negative emissions

K6 (FR)

 CCUS at cement plant with storage in North Sea and carbon use for concrete production

SHARC (FI)

 Green hydrogen from water electrolysis and blue hydrogen with CCS, storage in North Sea

Hybrit (SE)

Hydrogen-based direct reduction for steelmaking, including electrolyser

ECOPLANTA (ES)

· Bio-based methanol from municipal waste

TANGO (IT)

• Bifacial heterojunction photovoltaic cells production at GW scale

Open-access cross-border CO2 infrastructure



Connect CO₂ sources with sinks, including storage sites and production sites using CO₂ as a feedstock



Drive down costs through competition in an open EU market



CCUS hubs to leverage economies of scale across the EU



Open-access cross-border CO2 infrastructure

Allowing the provisional application of article 6 amendment of the London Protocol (bilateral agreements between MS)

Ensuring provision of transport and storage services at fair conditions (prices, openaccess, no obligation to bundle transport and storage)

Accelerating readiness of storage sites across the EU to increase the offer



Next step:

A regulatory framework for the certification of carbon removals

Conference on Sustainable Carbon Cycles – 31 January 2021

Call for Evidence* open until 2 May 2021

Legislative proposal (Q4 2022)

Set robust certification requirements

- Measurement and monitoring
- Additionality
- Duration of liability
- Environmental safeguards and co-benefits

Establish an effective governance framework for effective, cost-efficient and transparent implementation

Rules applicable for carbon farming and industrial carbon removal projects

^{*} Inception Impact Assessment open for feedback; Open Public Consultation.

Links

- Call for Evidence on Carbon Removal
 Certification <u>Certification of carbon removals EU rules (europa.eu)</u>
- Conference on Sustainable Carbon Cycles, 31
 January 2021 <u>Sustainable Carbon Cycles</u>
 <u>Conference About (b2match.io)</u>
- Our <u>webpage</u> and our <u>press release</u> on the Sustainable Carbon Cycles communication
- Our webpage on <u>Carbon Farming (europa.eu)</u>
- Commission list of potential eco-schemes https://europa.eu/!yb74nC

- Study on Carbon Farming: https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2834/594818
- Study on Wood in construction: https://dx.doi.org/10.2834/421958
- Legislative proposal on a new Regulation for Land use, forestry, and agriculture <u>Delivering the</u> <u>European Green Deal | Climate Action</u> (europa.eu)

